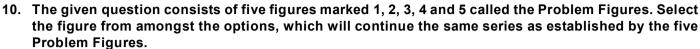
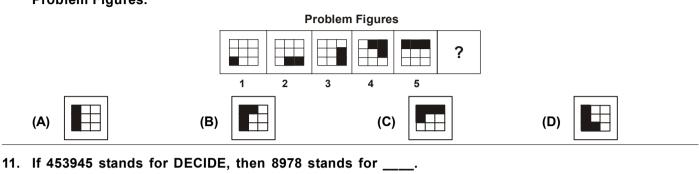
## SECTION I : LOGICAL REASONING

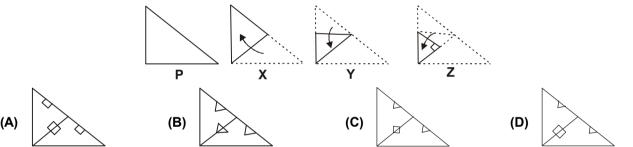
1.	If the numbers from 1 to 45 which are exactly divisible by 3 are arranged in descending order, which would come at the ninth place from the right end ?								
	<b>(A)</b> 18	(B)	21	(C)	24	(D)	27		
2.	In a certain code langua and 'tak da sop' means	-	-	_	· •	-	_		
	(A) dom	(B)	pul	(C)	ta	(D)	Cannot be determined		
3.	If the positions correspondent that of multiples of		•		•	are r	eplaced by symbols		
	<b>(A)</b> 15	(B)	17	(C)	18	(D)	21		
4.	Rohit walked 25 metres turned to his left and wa distance is he from the	alked star	l 25 metres. He again ting point and in whi	turne ch d	ed to his right and wirection ?				
	(A) 35 metres East	(B)	35 metres North	(C)	40 metres East	(D)	60 metres East		
5.	Which one of the given "Factory, Machinery, Pr		•	llustı	rate relationship am	ong	the following :		
	(A)	(B)		(C)		(D)	None of these		
6.	In the given figure set,	grou	ip the figures into the		lasses using each fi	gure	only once.		
			$ \begin{array}{c c} \bigcirc & \bigcirc & \boxed{1} \\ 1 & 2 \\ \triangle & \bigoplus_{5} & 6 \end{array} $	√ 3 7	4				
	<b>(A)</b> 1, 2, 6; 3, 4, 7; 5	(B)	1, 3; 2, 6; 4, 5, 7	(C)	1, 2, 6, 7; 3; 4, 5	(D)	1, 3; 2, 4, 5; 6, 7		
7.	The position of how ma in alphabetical order ?	ny le	tters in the word BRA	KES	remains unchanged	whe	en they are arranged		
	(A) One	(B)	Two	(C)	Three	(D)	More than three		
8.	In the given question, fig between figures 1 and suitable figure from the	2. Es	stablish a similar relations that would repla	tions ce th	ship between figures	3 a	nd 4 by selecting a		
	(A)	(B)	<b>\d</b>	(C)	$\ominus$	(D)	<b>Q</b>		

9.	Consider the	following serie	s:					
	A B C D	X Y Z   Y X	ВА	BCD	YZ   YX	CBA	BC	YZ
	Which letter of	occupies the 10	000 <sup>th</sup>	position	in the ab	ove serie	s ?	
	<b>(A)</b> B	(B)	С			(C) X		





12. The given question consists of a set of four figures P, X, Y and Z showing a sequence of folding of a piece of paper. Fig. (Z) shows the manner in which the folded paper has been cut. Choose a figure which would most closely resemble the unfolded form of Fig. (Z).



- 13. Pointing to Kapil, Shilpa said, "His mother's brother is the father of my son Ashish". How is Kapil related to Shilpa?
  - (A) Sister-in-law

(A) BHEE

(B) Nephew

(B) CDEH

(C) Niece

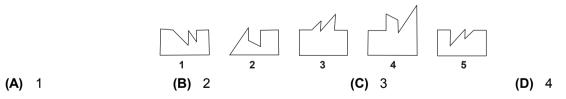
(C) GHEE

(D) Aunt

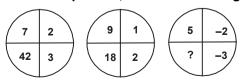
(D) HIGH

(D) Y

14. In the following question, five figures marked 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 are given. From these five figures, we can get two pairs of figures such that each pair forms a complete square. You have to select the odd figure which does not fit into any of the other figures to form a complete square.



15. In the following question, a set of figures carrying certain characters is given. Assuming that the characters in each set follow a similar pattern, find the missing character.



- **(A)** 30
- **(B)** 13

**(C)** 18

**(D)** 30

16. In the following question, find out which of the figures (A), (B), (C) and (D) is a rearrangement of the parts of the given Fig. (X).



Fig. (X)



(B)



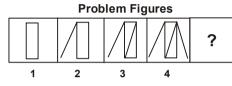
(C)



(D)



17. The given question contains four Problem Figures marked as 1, 2, 3 and 4. Select a figure from amongst the options which will continue the series established by the four Problem Figures.



(A)

(B)



(C)



(D)



DIRECTION (18-20):  $\times$  stands for 'greater than'; © stands for 'not less than'; ÷ stands for 'not equal to";  $\phi$  stands for 'equal to'; + stands for 'not greater than';  $\Delta$  stands for 'less than'. Using these symbols, choose the correct alternative in each of the following questions.

- 18. If  $a \odot b \times c$ , it implies that
  - (A) a © b o c
- (B) a ∆ b © c
- (C)  $a \odot c + b$
- (D)  $c \times b \times a$

- 19. If  $a \times b \triangle c$ , it follows that
  - (A)  $c + b \odot a$
- (B)  $a \odot b + c$
- (C) b © a × c
- **(D)** a φ c Δ b

- 20. If  $a \triangle b \triangle c$ , it does not imply that
  - (A) a×c×b
- (B)  $a \triangle c \times b$
- (C)  $c \times b \times a$
- (D)  $b \times a \Delta c$

## **SECTION II: MATHEMATICAL REASONING**

- 21. Let A, B and C be three mutually independent events. Consider the two statements  $S_1$  and  $S_2$ .  $S_1$ : A and  $B \cup C$  are independent.
  - $S_2$  : A and  $B \cap C$  are independent.

Then

(A) Both  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  are true

(B) Only S₁ is true

(C) Only  $S_2$  is true

- **(D)** Neither  $S_1$  nor  $S_2$  is true
- 22. The equations to a pair of opposite sides of parallelogram are  $x^2 5x + 6 = 0$  and  $y^2 6y + 5 = 0$ . The equation to its diagonals are \_\_\_\_.
  - (A) x + 4y = 13 and y = 4x 7

**(B)** 4x + y = 13 and 4y = x - 7

(C) 4x + y = 13 and y = 4x - 7

**(D)** y - 4x = 13 and y + 4x = 7

23.	If ω (≠ 1) is a cube root	of unity, then	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1+i+\omega^2 & \omega^2 \\ 1-i & -1 & \omega^2-1 \\ -i & -i+\omega-1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} =$			
	<b>(A)</b> 0	<b>(B)</b> 1	( <b>C</b> ) i	<b>(D)</b> ω		
24.	If $f(x) = A \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) + B$ , $f$ are	$\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} = \sqrt{2}$ and	$\int_{0}^{1} f(x) dx = \frac{2A}{\pi}, \text{ then the constants}$	A and B, r		
	(A) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ and $\frac{\pi}{2}$	<b>(B)</b> $\frac{2}{\pi}$ and $\frac{3}{\pi}$	(C) 0 and $-\frac{4}{\pi}$	<b>(D)</b> $\frac{4}{\pi}$ and 0		

25.	If A, B and	C are three	non-coplanar	vectors,	then (A	+ B +	C). ((A +	B) × (A +	C)) equals

26. Which of the following expressions is not true ?

**(B)** [A B C]

(A) 
$$\lim_{x \to \pi/2^+} \tan x = \infty$$

(B) 
$$\lim_{x \to \pi/2^{-}} \tan x = \infty$$

(C) 2 [A B C]

(C) 
$$\lim_{x \to \pi/2} \tan x = \infty$$

**(D)** 
$$\lim_{x \to \pi/2^+} \tan x$$
 does not exist

27. The domain of the function  $\sqrt{\log(x^2 - 6x + 6)}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**(A)** 0

**(B)** 
$$(-\infty, 3 - \sqrt{3}) \cup (3 + \sqrt{3}, \infty)$$

(C) 
$$\left(-\infty,1\right]\cup\left[5,\infty\right)$$

28. Let u, v and w be vectors such that  $u + v + w = \vec{0}$ . If |u| = 3, |v| = 4 and |w| = 5, then the value of u. v + v. w + w. u is \_\_\_\_\_.

29. If p and q are the roots of  $x^2 + px + q = 0$ , then \_\_\_\_.

**(A)** 
$$p = 1$$

**(B)** 
$$p = 1 \text{ or } 0$$

(C) 
$$p = -2$$

**(D)** 
$$p = -2 \text{ or } 0$$

**(D)**  $-[A \ B \ C]$ 

B, respectively

30. Three of the six vertices of a regular hexagon are chosen at random. The probability that the triangle with these three vertices is equilateral, equals \_\_\_.

(A) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

**(B)** 
$$\frac{1}{5}$$

(C) 
$$\frac{1}{10}$$

**(D)** 
$$\frac{1}{20}$$

31. Which one of the following curves cuts the parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$  at right angles ?

(A) 
$$x^2 + y^2 = a^2$$

**(B)** 
$$y = e^{-x/2a}$$

(C) 
$$y = ax$$

**(D)** 
$$x^2 = 4ay$$

32. If the lengths of the sides of triangle are 3, 5 and 7, then the largest angle of the triangle is \_\_\_

(A) 
$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$

**(B)** 
$$\frac{5\pi}{6}$$

(C) 
$$\frac{2\pi}{3}$$

**(D)** 
$$\frac{3\pi}{4}$$

33. The number of points of intersection of the two curves  $y = 2 \sin x$  and  $y = 5x^2 + 2x + 3$  is \_\_\_\_.

34. If  $\omega$  (  $\neq$  1) is a cube root of unity and  $(1 + \omega)^7 = \alpha + \beta \omega$ , then  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  respectively are \_\_\_\_.

- Let 0 < P(A) < 1, 0 < P(B) < 1 and  $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) P(A)P(B)$ . Then **(A)** P(B/A) = P(B) - P(A)**(B)**  $P(A' \cup B') = P(A') + P(B')$ (C)  $P(A \cup B') = P(A) P(B)$ **(D)** P(A / B) = P(A)
- 36. If  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin px}{\tan 3x} = 4$ , then value of p is \_\_\_\_.
- 37. If  $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 1$ , then  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  at  $\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right)$  is \_\_\_\_.
  - (A)  $\frac{1}{2}$ **(B)** 1 **(C)** -1 **(D)** 2
- 38. The function  $f(x) = x + \frac{4}{x}$  has \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) Local maxima at x = 2 and local minima at x = -2
  - **(B)** Local minima at x = 2, and local maxima at x = -2
  - (C) Absolute maxima at x = 2 and absolute minima at x = -2

**(B)** 9

- (D) Absolute minima at x = 2 and absolute maxima at x = -2
- 39.  $\int_{1}^{1} \frac{\sin x x^{2}}{3 |x|} dx =$

(A) 6

- (B)  $2\int_{0}^{1} \frac{\sin x}{3 |x|} dx$  (C)  $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{-2x^{2}}{3 |x|} dx$  (D)  $2\int_{0}^{1} \frac{\sin x x^{2}}{3 |x|} dx$ **(A)** 0

(C) 12

(D) 4

- 40. If a, b and c are in A.P. then the value of  $\begin{vmatrix} x + 1 & x + 2 & x + a \\ x + 2 & x + 3 & x + b \\ x + 3 & x + 4 & x + c \end{vmatrix}$  is \_\_\_\_.
  - **(A)** 3 **(B)** -3(C) 0 (D) None of these

## **SECTION III: EVERYDAY MATHEMATICS**

- 41. A student gets 4 marks for a correct answer and 1 mark is deducted for a wrong answer. If she has done 80 questions in all and she has got only 240 marks. The correct answers she has attempted is
- (A) 40 **(B)** 60 (C) 64 (D) Can't be determined
- 42. A student has to obtain 33% of the total marks to pass. He got 125 marks and failed by 40 marks. The maximum marks are
- (A) 300 **(B)** 500 (C) 800 **(D)** 1000
- 43. Out of a total of 120 musicians in a club, 5% can play all the three instruments guitar, violin and flute. It so happens that the number of musicians who can play any two and only two of the above instruments is 30. The number of musicians who can play the guitar alone is 40. What is the total
  - number of those who can play violin alone or flute alone? (A) 30 **(B)** 38 (C) 44 **(D)** 45

44.	<u>-</u>		terview for two vacancies at	•	-					
	of Priyansh's selection is $\frac{1}{7}$ and that of his wife Priya's selection is $\frac{1}{5}$ . What is the probability that atleast one of them will be selected ?									
	atieast one or ti	ilelli wili be selected !								
	(A) $\frac{11}{35}$	<b>(B)</b> $\frac{1}{35}$	(C) $\frac{24}{35}$	(D) $\frac{2}{7}$						
45.	all the families t	ogether, there are more ac	dults, and no family has fewe dults than boys, more boys mber of families in the loca	than girls, and more gir						
	<b>(A)</b> 4	( <b>B</b> ) 5	<b>(C)</b> 2	( <b>D</b> ) 3						

46. A test has 50 questions. A student scores 1 mark for a correct answer,  $-\frac{1}{3}$  for a wrong answer, and  $-\frac{1}{6}$  for not attempting a question. If the net score of a student is 32, the number of questions answered wrongly by that student cannot be less than \_\_\_\_\_.

(A) 6 (B) 12 (C) 3 (D) 9

47. A train 240 m long passed a pole in 24 seconds. How long will it take to pass a platform 650 m long?

(A) 65 secs
(B) 89 secs
(C) 100 secs
(D) 150 secs

48. 10 men can complete a piece of work in 15 days and 15 women can complete the same work in 12 days. If all the 10 men and 15 women work together, in how many days will the work get completed?

(A) 6 (B)  $6\frac{1}{3}$  (C)  $6\frac{2}{3}$  (D)  $7\frac{2}{3}$ 

49. Four men and three women are to be seated for a dinner such that no two women sit together and no two men sit together. Find the number of ways in which this can be arranged.

(A) 144 (B) 72 (C) 36

(A) 144 (B) 72 (C) 36 (D) None of these

50. A ball is dropped from a height of 96 feet and it rebounds  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the height it falls. If it continues to fall and rebound. Find the total distance that the ball can travel before coming to rest.

(A) 240 ft (B) 360 ft (C) 480 ft

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

(D) 290 ft

7

## **ANSWER KEYS**

1.	(D)	2.	(D)	3.	(C)	4.	(A)	5.	(B)	6.	(D)	7.	(B)
8.	(D)	9.	(A)	10.	(B)	11.	(D)	12.	(A)	13.	(B)	14.	(A)
15.	(D)	16.	(A)	17.	(D)	18.	(C)	19.	(B)	20.	(C)	21.	(A)
22.	(C)	23.	(A)	24.	(D)	25.	(D)	26.	(D)	27.	(C)	28.	(B)
29.	(B)	30.	(C)	31.	(D)	32.	(C)	33.	(A)	34.	(B)	35.	(D)
36.	(C)	37.	(C)	38.	(B)	39.	(C)	40.	(C)	41.	(C)	42.	(B)
43.	(C)	44.	(A)	45.	(D)	46.	(C)	47.	(B)	48.	(C)	49.	(A)
<b>50</b> .	(C)												