NTSE STAGE – I

MAT

PAPER - I - A

SMS - 2016 - 17

Time	:	45 Minutes

Full Marks:50

No. of items : 50

INSTRUCTIONS :

- 1. Each question has four probable answers of which one is correct. You have to choose the correct one and blacken your choice in the OMR answer sheet by a black/blue ball point pen.
- 2. For wrong answer, there is no deduction of marks. One mark shall be awarded for each correct response.
- 3. No mark will be awarded for a question if a candidate darkens more than one choice.

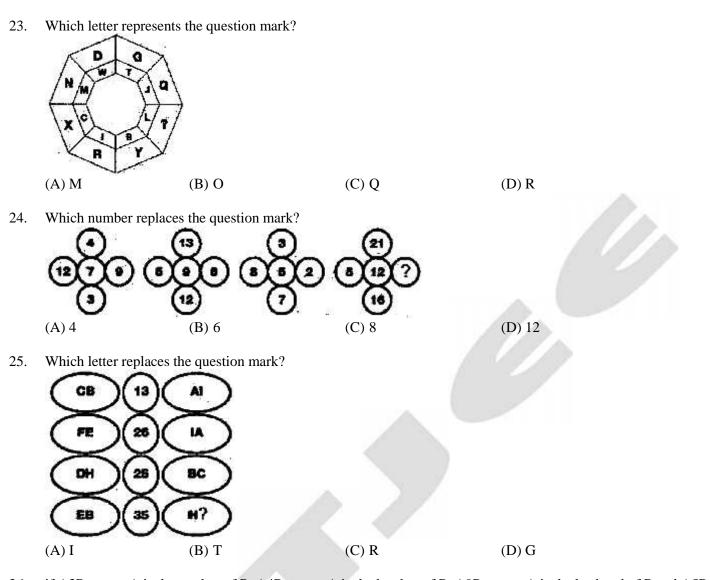
2

ROLL NO.

NAME

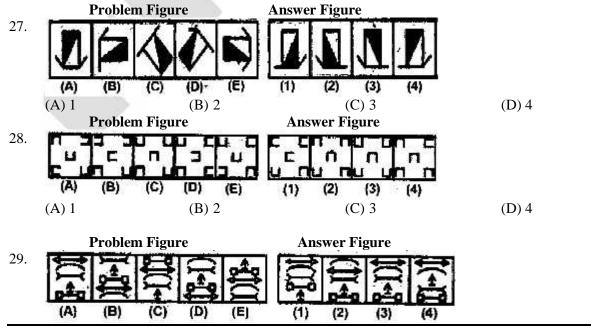
MAT (SET - C)					
Dire	ctions (1-4): Find out th	ne alternative which will i	replace the question (?) n	nark.	
1.	REASON : SFBTPO :: (A) SGHMJ	THINK : ? (B) UIJOL	(C)UHNKI	(D) UJKPM	
2.	ACFJ : ZXUQ :: EGIN (A)VUSQ	(B)UTRP	(C)VRPM	(D)VTRM	
3.	corden : zrogbq :: ? : pz (A) mulmul	xivro (B) sulsul	(C) munmun	(D) srspql	
4.	Which number replaces	s the question mark? (B) 12	(C) 10	(D) 14	
Dire	ctions (5-6): Find out th	ne wrong number in the g	iven series.		
5.	582,605,588,611,634,6 (A) 634	17,600 (B) 611	(C) 605	(D) 600	
6.	7,8,18,57,228,1165,699 (A) 8	96 (B) 18	(C) 57	(D) 228	
7.	At 3.40 AM, the hour h (A) 120°	nand and the minute hand o (B) 125 ⁰	of a clock form an angle of (C) 135 ⁰	(D) 130 ⁰	
8.		two digits. If the digits int ing number will definitely (B) 5		new number is added to the original (D) 11	
9.	if $A = x\%$ of y and $B =$ (A) $A=B$	y% of x, then which of the (B) A < B	e following is true? (C) A > B	(D) None of these	
10.	10. Look at the sequence of symbols to find the pattern. Select correct pattern at the (?) mark. $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				
	(A) 1 (2)	(3) (4) (B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4	
Dire	ctions (11-13): Complet	te the series.			
11.	gfe_ig_eil_fei_gf_ii (A) eifgi	(B) figie	(C) ifgie	(D) ifige	
12.	C,Z,F,X,I,V,L,T,O,?,?				
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	(A) O,P	(B) P,Q	(C) R,R	(D) S,R			
13.	5824,5242,?,4247,382 (A) 4467	3 (B) 4718	(C) 4856	(D) 5164			
	Directions (14-16): A,B,C,D,E,F and G are sitting in a row facing North. F is to the immediate right of E. E is 4 th to the right of G. C is the neighbor of B and D. Person who is third to the left of D is at one of the ends.						
14.	Who are to the left of	$\neg \gamma$					
14.	(A) Only B	(B) G, B and D	(C) G and B	(D) D,E,F and A			
15.	Who are the neighbors (A) C and G	of B? (B) C and G	(C) G and F	(D) C and E			
16.	Which of the following (A) E is to the immedi (B) A is at one of the c (C) G is to the immedi (D) F is second to the	ends ate left of B					
Dire rule		e given alphabets from A	A to Z. Find out which o	f the letter series follows the given			
17.	Rule: The letters are not (A) CEGIKM	ot according to a general r (B) MORTVX	ule. (C) PRTVXZ	(D) ACEGIK			
18.	Rule: Number of letter (A) EIMQV	s skipped in between adjac (B) FIMRX	cent letter in the series is or (C) BDHLR	ld. (D) MPRUX			
In t tria		rectangle represents me ed, circle represents urba ernment employees.					
19.	Which one of the follo (A) 9	wing number represents th (B) 5	ne educated men but not url (C) 4	oan? (D) 11			
20.	Which one of the follo (A) 7	wing represents women w (B) 13	ho are urban as well as gov (C) 10	vernment employee? (D) 6			
21.	four positions of a die * (star)?	are shown. Which symbol	or number will be on the t	face opposite to the face with symbol			
	(A) @	(B) \$	(C) 8	(D) +			
22.	Two positions of a die $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$	are shown. Which digit w	ill appear on the face oppos	site to the face with number 4?			
	(A) 3	(B) 5	(C) 6	(D) 2			

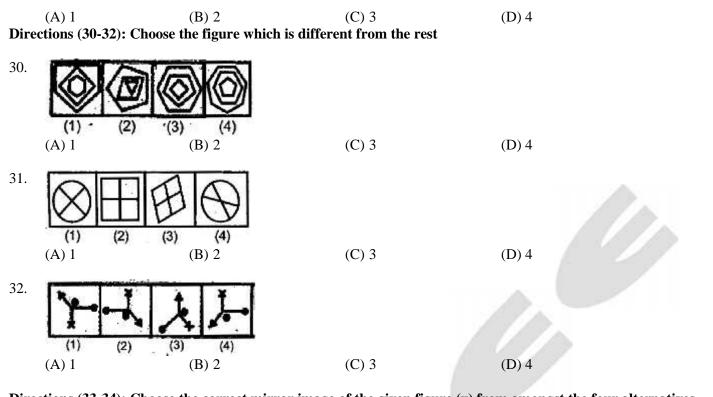


26. if A3P means A is the mother of P; A4P means A is the brother of P; A9P means A is the husband of P and A5P means A is the daughter of P, then which of the following means that K is the mother in law of M?
(A) M9N3K4J
(B) M9N5K3J
(C) K5J9M3N
(D) K3J94M

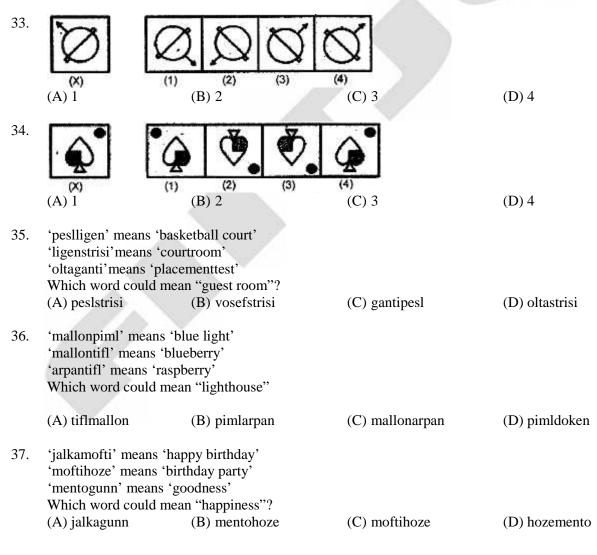
Directions (27-29): Select a figure form amongst the Answer figures which will continue the same series as established by the five problem Figures.

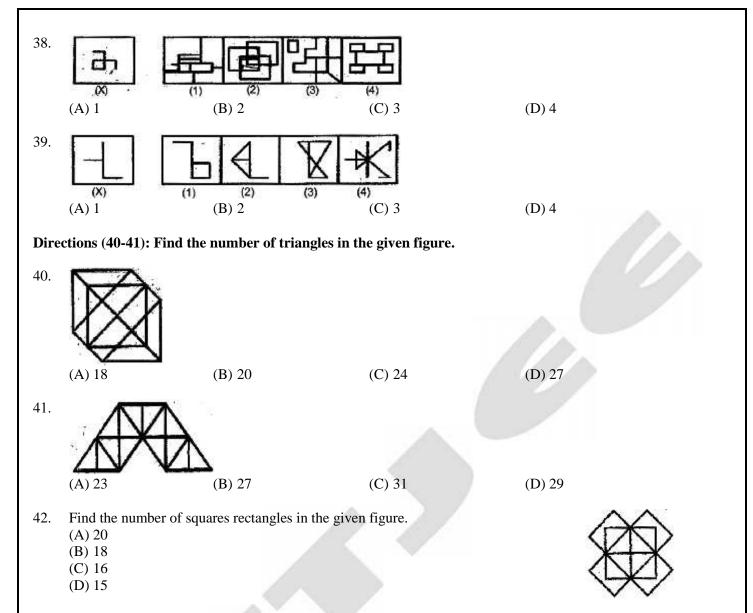


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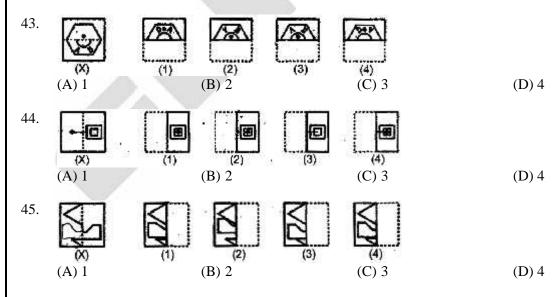


Directions (33-34): Choose the correct mirror image of the given figure (x) from amongst the four alternatives.

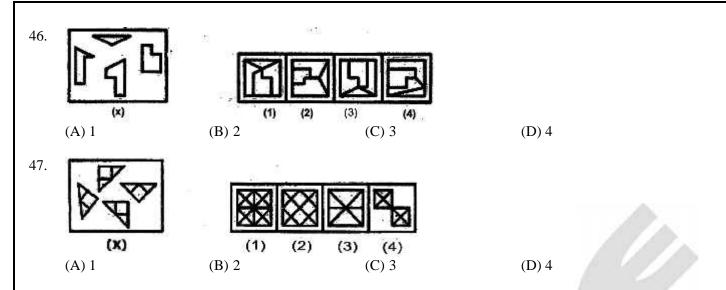




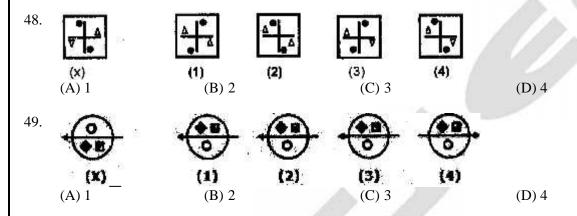
Directions (43-45): Find out from amongst the four alternatives as to how the pattern (X) would appear when the transparent sheet is folded at the dotted line.



Directions (46-47): Find out which of the figures (1),(2),(3) and (4) can be formed from the pieces given in figure (X).



Directions (48-49): Choose the correct water image of the given figure (x) from amongst the four alternatives.

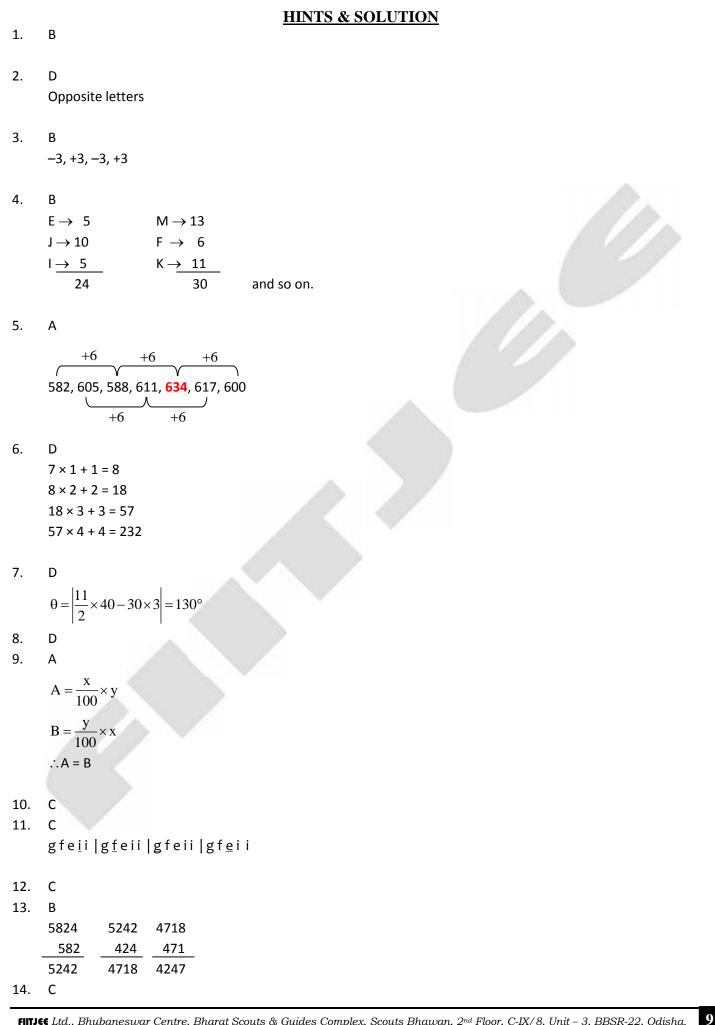


50. At the end of a meeting, the ten people present all shake hands with each other once.how many handshakes will there be altogether?

(A) 10 (B) 45 (C) 9 (D) 25

NTSE STAGE – I_MAT (SET – C) DATE: 06.11.2016 ANSWERS

1.	В	11.	С	21.	С	31.	D	41.	D	
2.	D	12.	С	22.	А	32.	С	42.	А	
3.	В	13.	В	23.	В	33.	С	43.	В	
4.	В	14.	С	24.	В	34.	А	44.	D	
5.	А	15.	В	25.	D	35.	В	45.	С	
6.	D	16.	А	26.	В	36.	D	46.	С	
7.	D	17.	В	27.	С	37.	А	47.	В	
8.	D	18.	С	28.	А	38.	В	48.	С	
9.	А	19.	D	29.	С	39.	В	49.	А	
10.	С	20.	С	30.	А	40.	С	50.	В	



15. В 16. А For Q. 14 to 16: $\underline{GBCDEFA}$ 17. В С 18. D 19. С 20. С 21. 22. А 23. В 24. В $\frac{\text{Sum}}{1} = \text{middle}$ 4 25. D CB = 32 AI = 19 23 26. В 27. С 28. А С 29. 30. А 31. D 32. С С 33. 34. А 35. В 36. D 37. А 38. В В 39. С 40. 41. D 42. А 43. В 44. D 45. С С 46. В 47. С 48. 49. А 50. В ${}^{10}C_2 = \frac{10 \times 9}{2} = 45$.

NTSE STAGE – I

ENGLISH

PAPER - I - B

SLS - 2016 - 17

Time	:	45 Minutes
Full Marks	:	50

No. of items : 50

INSTRUCTIONS :

- 1. Each question has four probable answers of which one is correct. You have to choose the correct one and blacken your choice in the OMR answer sheet by a black/blue ball point pen.
- 2. For wrong answer, there is no deduction of marks. One mark shall be awarded for each correct response.
- 3. No mark will be awarded for a question if a candidate darkens more than one choice.

2

ROLL NO.

NAME

ENGLISH

Directions (1 - 5): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow it:

Poetry is the language of the imagination and the passions. It relates to whatever gives immediate pleasure or pain to the human mind. It comes home to the bosoms and businesses of men, for nothing but what comes home to them in the most general and intelligible shape can be a subject for poetry. Poetry is the universal language which the heart holds with nature and itself. He who has a contempt for poetry cannot have much respect for himself or for anything else. Wherever there is a sense of beauty or power or harmony as in the motion of a wave of the sea.\, in the growth of a flower, there is poetry in its birth.

- Poetry is the language that stems from:
 (A) the imagination
 (C) the imagination and passions
- 2. Poetry relates to that matter:(A) which gives nothing to human mind(C) which irritates human mind
- What can be a subject for poetry:
 (A) that which comes in opaque shape shape
 (C) that which comes in intangible shape
- 4. Poetry is the universal language because:(A) the heart cannot hold with nature(C) the heart holds with nature and itself

- (B) the passions(D) the intellect
- (B) which titillates human mind
- (D) which gives immediate pleasure or pain to human mind
- (B) that which comes in the most general and intelligible
- (D) that which comes in particular shape
- (B) the mind holds with itself
- (D) the passion holds with itself
- 5. There is poetry in its birth wherever:
 - (A) there is a sense of beauty or power or harmony
 - (B) there is a chaotic scene
 - (C) there is music in high pitch
 - (D) there is disharmony and discord

Directions (6 – 10): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow it:

A gentleman is he who never inflicts pain. He is mainly occupied in merely removing the obstacles which hinder the free and unembarrassed action of those about him and he concurs with their movements rather than takes the initiative himself. His benefits may be considered as a parallel to what are called comforts or conveniences in arrangements of a personal nature, like an easy chair or a good fire which do their part in dispelling cold and fatigue, though nature provides both means of rest and animal heat without them.

6. A gentleman is he:(A) who looks after himself(C) who never inflicts pain

- (B) who behaves politely with others(D) who shies away
- 7. A gentleman is mainly occupied in:
 (A) removing the obstacles which hinder free and unembarrassed action
 (B) causing obstacles
 (C) helping other people
 (D) solving their problem
- 8. His benefits may be considered as a parallel to what are called comforts or convenience in arrangements of: (A) a general nature (B) a social nature (C) a protective nature (D) a personal nature
- 9. An easy chair and a good fire help in:
 (A) diffusing fatigue
 (C) generating comfort zone
- (B) dispelling cold and fatigue(D) provides coziness
- 10. Nature provides both means of rest and animal heat without:

(A) comforts and convenience(C) a parallel

(B) arrangements of personal nature

(D) an easy chair or a good fire

Directions (11 – 15): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow it:

To forgive an injury is often considered to be a sign of weakness, it is really a sign of strength. It is easy to allow oneself to be carried away by resentment and hate into an act of vengeance, but it takes a strong character to restrain those natural passions. The man who forgives an injury proves himself to be the superior of the man who wronged him and puts the wrong doer to shame. Forgiveness may even turn a foe into a friend. So mercy is the noblest form of revenge.

11.	 To forgive an injury is often considered to be a sign of weakness because (A) it is an act of piety and compassion (B) it is easy to be carried away by resentment and hatred and indulge in an act of vengeance (C) it is easy to suppress anger (D) it is not easy to take revenge 					
12.	To forgive an injury is really a sign of strength because (A) a weak character likes it (B) a character is not easily ever taken by resentment (C) a character is not carried away by hatred (D) a strong character restrains those natural passions					
13.	 The man who forgives an injury proves himself to be the superior because (A) he shows his generosity and puts the wrong doer to shame (B) he is not easily provoked (C) he who causes injury is inferior (D) he is god fearing 					
14.	A foe may be turned in (A) vengeance	to a friend through (B) anger	(C) forgiveness	(D) ignorance		
15.	The noblest form of rev (A) hatred	venge is (B) malice	(C) mercy	(D) vengeance		

Directions (16 - 17): In the following three-sentence passages the second sentences are missing. Choose the appropriate sentence from the given options to complete the passage.

16. 1 – It is very easy to acquire bad habits such as eating too many sweets, too much food, drinking liquor or smoking.
 2 –

3 - This is called the fore of habit.

(A) bad habits make a person slave to it

(B) the more we do a thing, the more we tend to like doing it

(C) we must fight against bad habits

(D) bad habits cost us dearly

17. 1 -It is the height of selfishness for men who fully appreciate in their own case, the great advantages of a good education 2 -

3 -It is argued that women have their domestic duties to perform and if they were educated they would bury themselves in their books and have little time to manage the household.

- (A) The men deny the advantage of good education to women
- (B) Women are less intelligent
- (C) Women shall dominate men by receiving education
- (D) Women education is imperative for empowerment

Directions (18 – 19): The following passages have five sentence each. In each passage the first and last sentence are given. Choose the order in which the three sentences (PQR) should appear to complete the paragraph.

18.		s terribly annoyed with the		r and condemned him to death.	
	S3 –				
	S5 – The clever jester a		on to his advantaged by sa	ying, "1 choose to die of old age."	
	P - But the king refuse $Q - The$ Jester fell on h	d to alter his sentence.	is life.		
	R – At last the king rel	ented and asked the Jester	to choose the mode of deat		
	(A) RPQ	(B) PRQ	(C) QPR	(D) RQP	
19.		s daughter was going to ma			
	S3 –				
	S4 – <u>S5</u> – With great exciter	ment she tossed her head in	pride and the can of milk	fell off her head.	
	P - She refused brillian $Q - She$ dreamt of becomes the second secon	nt offers of marriage.			
	R – She asked herself	what she could buy with the			
	(A) PQR	(B) RQP	(C) QRP	(D) PRQ	
Dire	ctions (20 – 23): Choos	e the correct spelling of fo	ollowing words from the o	options provided.	
20.	(A) pneminia	(B) niemonia	(C) neumunia	(D) pneumonia	
21.	(A) accommodation	(B) ackomodation	(C) acommodation	(D) accomodation	
22.	(A) anterprenure	(B) interpreneur	(C) entrepreneur	(D) enterprenure	
23.	(A) superitedent	(B) supuritedent	(C) separintendent	(D) superintendent	
		e following passage there forms of the verb for eac		nks. Fill in the blanks by selecting ptions.	
		ne people all over India as the foreigners where we 29		26 foolish to 27 it from our lives just ind by English men.	
24.	(A) bound	(B) was binding	(C) has been binding	(D) is bound	
25.	(A) were	(B) is	(C) are	(D) was	
26.	(A) was	(B) were	(C) is	(D) would be	
27.	(A) ban	(B) banned	(C) have banned	(D) banning	
28.	(A) was	(B) is	(C) were	(D) will be	
29.	(A) are not refraining f(C) will not refrain from		(B) have not refrained fro(D) would not refrain fro		
Dire	Directions (30 – 35): Choose the appropriate meaning from the following underlined phrases/idioms.				
30.	One must account for o	one's action.			
	(A) describe	(B) avoid	(C) narrate	(D) explain	
31.	The meeting was put o (A) terminated	ff due to lack of quorum. (B) continued	(C) postponed	(D) delayed	
32.	This kind of conduct ca	alls for severe action			
<i></i>	(A) ignores	(B) declares	(C) requires	(D) acquires	

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49.	Conservatives always b (A) alignment	believe in the policy of stat (B) reform	us quo. (C) violence	(D) entanglement
48.	The minister is explicit (A) concealed	on the issue of abortion. (B) velied	(C) implicit	(D) suitable
Dire	ctions (48 – 50): Choose	e the antonym of the und	erlined word from the alt	ternatives.
47.	The politician gave an (A) pertinent	equivocal answer (B) evasive	(C) smart	(D) ambiguous
46.	Concerning an animal (A) accommodative	or vehicle adapted for both (B) bipolar	land and water. (C) amphibious	(D) ingenious
45.	The line of latitude on (A) The tropic of Capri (C) The tropics	the north of the equator.	(B) The tropic of Cancer(D) The trough line	
44.	A notice showing only (A) declaration	the good qualities of a thir (B) index	ng (C) nomenclature	(D) advertisement
Dire	ctions (44 – 47): Find si	ingle words for each of th	e following expressions.	
43.	He could not put a (A) robe	on his horse (B) shawl	(C) cloak	(D) bridle
	(A) geometry	(B) trigonometry	(C) calculus	(D) arithmetic
42.	The type of mathemat	ics that deals with the rela	ationship between the side	es and angles of a triangle is called
41.	The two wrestlers are e (A) dual	engaged in a (B) duet	(C) duel	(D) slanging match
40.	A star is a(A) stationery	object but a planet is a mo (B) stationary	oving object (C) rambling	(D) cacophonous
39.	The coach cited a numl (A) decrease	ber of examples to (B) damage	(C) sag	rticipants. (D) boost
	(A) eligible	(B) illegitimate		(D) invisible
38.	His handwriting is tota	llv .		
37.	My friend's wife forgo (A) dessert	t to servea (B) tea	t the end of the dinner. (C) coffee	(D) liquor
36.	An honest and compete (A) sinful	ent man is good for the (B) corrupt		nan. (D) hollowed
Dire	ctions (36 – 43): Fill in	the blanks with the most	appropriate option from	the given alternatives.
35.	The girl takes after her (A) dislikes	mother with her bad tempe (B) resembles	er. (C) misbehaves	(D) imitates
34.	The president gave awa (A) distributed	ay the prizes (B) displayed	(C) threw	(D) held
33.	Superstitions must be d (A) ignored	lone away with (B) continued	(C) carried	(D) abolished

50.	Government should lay	down financial rules in a	transparent manner.	
	(A) clear	(B) lazy	(C) opaque	(D) confusing



NTSE STAGE – I

SAT

PAPER – II

SSS - 2016 - 17

Time	:	90 Minutes

Full Marks:100

No. of items : 100

INSTRUCTIONS :

- 1. Each question has four probable answers of which one is correct. You have to choose the correct one and blacken your choice in the OMR answer sheet by a black/blue ball point pen.
- 2. For wrong answer, there is no deduction of marks. One mark shall be awarded for each correct response.
- 3. No mark will be awarded for a question if a candidate darkens more than one choice.

ROLL NO. : _____

•

NAME

NTSE STAGE – I SAT

Rise in Green Net National Income implies higher sustainable development in an economy. Green Net National 1. Income is the difference between (A) Difference between Net National Income and gross savings (B) Difference between Net National Income and depreciation of natural capital (C) Difference between Net National Income and depreciation of man-made capital (D) Both (B) and (C) Match List-I with List-II and select answer using the appropriate code from among the following alternatives. 2. List – II List – I Disparities in income in a developing Trickle Down theory **(I)** (A) economy Economic development benefits the poor (B) (II) Change in occupational structure Shifting of labour from agricultural to non Less redistribution of income in favour of poor (C) (III) agricultural sector (D) Increase in the capabilities of people (IV) Human development (B) $A - \overline{I, B - II, C - III, D - IV}$ (A) A - II, B - III, C - I, D - IV(C) A - III, B - I, C - II, D - IV(D) A - IV, B - II, C - I, D - IIIIf Life Expectancy Index for a country is 0.53, Educational Attainment Index is 0.67 and Per Capita Real GDP 3. Index is 0.42, then HDI for the country will be (A) 0.93 (B) 0.70 (C) 0.54 (D) 0.68 If cash reserve ratio of banks is 20% and currency reserves in the banking system amount to 50 million rupees, 4. the maximum amount of demand deposits which can be created by the banks is (A) 200 million rupees (B) 250 million rupees (C) 500 million rupees (D) 1000 million rupees The Government of India supplies food grains and other essential commodities to BPL households through fair 5. price shops. Name of the programme is (A) ICDS (B) MDM (C) PDS (D) Antodaya Free trade in goods among nations is called 6. (A) Privatisation (B) Liberalisation (C) Globalisation (D) Exclusion 7. NITI Ayog prepares (A) Five year plans for the country (B) Five year plans for the states (C) Annual plans for the country as well as states (D) None of the above Indira Awas Yojana houses are given to the 8. (A) STs only (B) SCs only (C) BPL households (D) Both (A) and (B) 9. In which of the following countries the Baluchistan Plateu is located? (A) Afghanistan (B) Pakistan (C) China (D) India What is the percentage of surface covered by India? 10. (A) 2.4 (B) 3.4 (C) 4.4 (D) 5.4 Which of the following places is known as the "Island of Pearls"? 11. (A) Australia (B) Madagascar (C) Baharin (D) Srilanka Durand Line is the boundary between: 12. (A) India and Pakistan (B) India and China (C) Pakistan and Afghanistan (D) India and Afghanistan In which of the following countries world's largest reserves of uranium is located? 13. (A) Australia (B) Canada (C) China (D) Brazil

14.	Select the odd one from (A) Chilika	n the following: (B) Pulicat	(C) Vembanad	(D) Kolleru
15.	What is Karewa? (A) A type of soil	(B) A type of plant	(C) A type of animal	(D) A type of tribe
16.	Which of the following (A) Berlin – Rhine	g pairs is not correct? (B) London – Thames	(C) New York – Hudson	(D) Viena – Danube
17.	Which of the following (A) Bihar, Odisha, Maa (C) West Bengal, Odis	dhya Pradesh	90% of India's annual coal (B) Bihar, Madhya Prade (D) Bihar, Odisha, West	esh, Tamil Nadu
18.	Which National Highw (A) N.H. 1	(B) N.H. 2	Kolkata via Delhi? (C) N.H. 4	(D) N.H. 8
19.	In which state is the Gu (A) Gujarat	uru Sikhar Peak Located? (B) Rajasthan	(C) Maharashtra	(D) Madhya Pradesh
20.	Tehri Hydropower Pro (A) Alakananda River		(C) Mandakini River	(D) Dhauliganga River
21.	In the context of which (A) French Revolution		ctivities of Mensheviks and (C) Russian Revolution	l Bolshevicks? (D) Indian Nationalist movement
22.	Who was the Czar of R (A) Alexander I	Russia in 1917? (B) Alexander II	(C) Nicholas I	(D) Nicholas II
23.	In which country was t (A) Germany	he Weimar Republic forme (B) Italy	ed after the World War I? (C) France	(D) England
24.	 24. Find out which statement mentioned below is true (A) Hitler came to power in Italy (B) Hitler deliberately violated the terms of the Treaty of Versailles (C) Hitler was a poor orator (D) Hitler encouraged the Jews 			
25.	Who has written the O (A) Rama Shankar Ray (C) Fakir Mohan Senaj		guntha? (B) Nandakishore Bal (D) Surendra Mohanty	
26.	Where did Mahatma G (A) South Africa	andhi start his first Satyagı (B) Kheda	raha movement? (C) Champaran	(D) Nagpur
27.	Whose cause did Maha (A) Peasants	atma Gandhi champion in c (B) Agricultural Labours		vement in Ahemadabad in 1918? (D) Cotton mill workers
28.	What was the date fixe (A) 18 March 1919	d for observing a countryw (B) 19 March 1919	vide hartalin protest against (C) 6 April 1919	the Rawlatt Act? (D) 9 April 1919
29.	Who presided over the (A) Motilal Nehru (C) Subhas Chandra Be		an National Congress in Da (B) Jawaharlal Nehru (D) Mahatma Gandhi	ecember 1929?
30.	Who was the Viceroy of (A) Lord Irwin	of India when the Salt Saty (B) Lord Willingdon	agraha began in 1930? (C) Lord Linlithgow	(D) Lord Wavell
31.	How was response of t (A) They were against	he Indian women towards the movement	the Salt Satyagraha? (B) They remained indiff	erent

	(C) They participated	in large number	(D) They were not allow	wed to participate			
32.	 Which one of the following is written in correct chronological order of the given events? (A) Chaurichaura Incident, Gandhi – Irwin Pact, Second Round Table conference, Dandi March (B) Dandi March, Chaurichaura incident, Second Round Table Conference, Gandhi – Irwin Pact (C) Second Round Table Conference, Dandi March, Gandhi – Irwin Pact, Chaurichaura Incident (D) Chaurichaura Incident, Dandi March, Gandhi – Irwin Pact, Second Round Table Conference 						
33.							
	security? (A) Part I	(B) Part II	(C) Part III	(D) Part IV			
34.							
	Governor? (A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4			
35.		e is a disagreement betwe	en the two Houses of the	e Parliament regarding a Constitution			
	Amendment Bill? (A) Joint sitting of bot (C) There is an end to	th the House is convened. the Bill	(B) The bill is sent to the State Legislative(D) Advice of the Supreme Court is solicited				
36.	What can be the maxim (A) 500	mum number of elected me (B) 507	embers of a State Legislati (C) 509	ve Assembly? (D) 510			
37.	Which of the following Amendments Converted Right to Property into a Legal Right? (A) 44^{th} Amendment (B) 42^{nd} Amendment (C) 73^{rd} Amendment (D) 86^{th} Amendment						
38.	 How long a Chief Minister of a State holds office? (A) For full 5 years (B) So long as he remains the leader of the majority party in the State Legislative (C) So long as the Governor desires (D) None of the above 						
39.	Who can create or abo	lish an All-India Service?					
	(A) Lok Sabha	(B) Rajya Sabha	(C) President	(D) The Parliament			
40.		says that a Money Bill sha					
	(A) Article 107	(B) Article 108	(C) Article 109	(D) Article 110			
41.	Which one of the follo (A) Oxygen	owing is not a factor of resp (B) Carbondioxide	piration? (C) Water	(D) Temperature			
42.	. Which one of the following does not contain any enzyme? (A) Bile (B) Gastric Juice (C) Saliva (D) Pancreatic Juice						
43.	 Mark the tissue in which the starch is stored in the body of plants (A) Spongy parenchyma (B) Aerenchyma (C) Apical meristem (D) Stomata 						
44.	Which one of the follo (A) Parenchyma	owing tissues contains ston (B) Collenchyma	e cells? (C) Sclerenchyma	(D) Tracheids			
45.	Which of the followin (A) Homo Sapiens	g is the correct scientific n (B) Homo sapien	ame of man? (C) Homosapien	(D) Homo sapiens			
46.	Which of the followin (A) Mollusca	g does repire by the trache (B) Arthropoda	al system? (C) Anneilda	(D) Nematohelminthes			
47.	Basing on classification, which of the following is different from the other three?						

	(A) Pumpkin	(B) Maize	(C) Pea	(D) Groundnut
48.	Which one of the follo (A) Antipodal cell	wing is involved in the form (B) Polar nucleus	mation of endosperm? (C) Synergids	(D) Eggcell
49.	Which one of the follo (A) Anaphase	wing is the crossing over so (B) Diplotene	een? (C) zygotene	(D) Diakinesis
50.	Which one of the follo (A) Pulmonary artery	wing is attached to the righ (B) Pulmonary vein	t ventricle? (C) Superior Venacava	(D) Inferior venacava
51.	Which one of the follow (A) Filtration	wing is not a function of th (B) Oxidation	e kidney? (C) Absorption	(D) Secretion
52.	How many spinal nerve (A) 62	es are attached to the spina (B) 42	l cord of man? (C) 31	(D) 21
53.	Which endocrine gland (A) Thyroid	l does regulate the level of (B) Parathyroid	phosphorus in blood? (C) Adrenal	(D) Pituitary
54.	Which one of the follo (A) Auxin and Ethylen (C) Florigen and Phyto		flowering in plants? (B) Cytokinin and Ethyle (D) Gibberellin and Ethy	
55.	If a + 8b = 14 and 5a – (A) 15	2b = 16, then what is the r (B) 7.5	nean of a and b? (C) 5	(D) 2.5
56.	A letter is chosen at ran	ndom from the word MAT	HEMAICS. What is the pro-	obability that it will be a vowel?
	(A) $\frac{1}{2}$	(B) $\frac{3}{8}$	(C) $\frac{3}{11}$	(D) $\frac{4}{11}$
57.	The line containing the a). If $a = 10$, then what		perpendicular to the line c	ontaining the points (– c, c) and (3c,
	(A) 22	(B) 12	(C) 10	(D) 6
58.	Which point in the y-a: (A) (0, 2)	xis is equidistant from the p (B) $(0, -2)$	points (3, -2) and (4, 5)? (C) (0, 3)	(D) (0, -3)
59.	If $A + B + C = 180^{\circ}$ and $(A) - 2$	$d \cos B \cos C = \cos A$, then (B) - 1	h what is the value of tan B (C) 2	B.tan C? (D) 1
60.	What is the solution of (A) $x = 5$	the equation $3x5^{2x-1} - 2x5^{2x-1}$ (B) $x = 1$	$5^{x-1} = 0.2?$ (C) x = -1	(D) x = 0
61.	If α and β are the roots (A) $\sqrt{25 + p^2}$	s of the quadratic equation (B) $\sqrt{25 - p^2}$	$4x^2 - 20x = p^2$, what is the (C) 5 + p	difference between α and β ? (D) 5 – p
62.				ABC and the diameter of the circum
	(A) 8 sq. cm	m, what is the area of $\triangle OA$ (B) $8\sqrt{3}$ sq. cm	(C) 16 sq. cm	(D) $16\sqrt{3}$ sq. cm
63.	If $a + b = 3$, $ab = 2$ and (A) 32	a > b, then what is the val (B) 64	ue of $2^{a^3-b^3}$? (C) 128	(D) 256
64.	If α , β and γ each isa z (A) – 1	ero of $x^3 - 6x^2 - x + 30$ and (B) - 5	$a \neq \beta \neq \gamma$, then what is th (C) 1	e value of 5($\alpha\beta + \beta\gamma + \gamma\alpha$)? (D) 5

65.		-	ure and O is the centre of tio between the areas of Δ			
66.	The roots of the quadr	atic equation $x^2 - 4x - \log x$	$g_3 a = 0$ are real. Then what	t is the least value of a?		
	(A) 64	(B) $\frac{1}{81}$	(C) $\frac{1}{64}$	(D) 81		
67.	The sum of the length	s of all the edges of a cube	is 6 cm. What is the volur	ne of the cube in cubic cm?		
	(A) $\frac{1}{8}$	(B) $\frac{1}{6}$	(C) $\frac{1}{4}$	(D) $\frac{1}{2}$		
68.	If cosec θ + cot θ = m.	, then what is the value of		_		
	(A) m ² + 1	(B) m ² – 1	(C) $\frac{m^2 - 1}{m^2 + 1}$	(D) $\frac{m^2 + 1}{m^2 - 1}$		
69.			n \overline{AC} and point E in \overline{BC} C = 9 cm, what is the leng			
70.	If a : b = 3 : 5 and a : c (A) 4 : 49	c = 5 : 7, what (b – c) : (b – (B) 49 : 4	+ c) equal to? (C) 5 : 48	(D) 48 : 5		
71.	If the m th term of an A.P. is $\frac{1}{n}$ and the n th term of it is $\frac{1}{m}$, then what is the mn th term equal to?					
	(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) $\frac{\mathrm{m}}{\mathrm{n}}$	(D) $\frac{n}{m}$		
72.	The area of a circle ins (A) 24 cm	scribed in an equilateral tri (B) 27 cm	angle is 48π sq. cm. What (C) 36 cm	is the perimeter of the triangle? (D) 72 cm		
73.				her circle with radius 8 cm. If the two rcle drawn with \overline{AB} as diameter? (D) 64π		
74.	Two tangent segments then what is the length		to a circle with centre O.	If m \angle CBD = 120° and OB = 12 cm,		
	(A) $6\sqrt{3}$ cm	(B) $12\sqrt{3}$ cm	(C) 6 cm	(D) 12 cm		
75.			covered by a car at a speed d be the average speed of t (C) 53.3 km/hr	ed of 40 km/hr and the second half is the car? (D) 40 km/hr		

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76.		below. Then how much	ng along a fixed direction n distance the body mus					
77.	A machine gun of mass 10 kg fires 20 g bullets with speed of 500 m/s at the rate of 10 bullets per second. To hold the gun steady in its position how much force is necessary?							
	(A) 200 N	(B) 500 N	(C) 100 N	(D) 250 N				
78.	The relative density of iceberg would be:	f ice with respect to sea w	ater is 0.90. Then the perce	entage of the submerged portion of an				
	(A) 45%	(B) 90%	(C) 60%	(D) 50%				
79.		g climbs up 45 steps stair the man has employed? ('	-	conds. If height of each step is 10 cm,				
	(A) 300 w	(B) 250 w	(C) 500 w	(D) 450 w				
80.				n, then by how much its kinetic energy				
	will increase above its (A) 200 J	initial value which was10 (B) 300 J	00J? (C) 900 J	(D) 800 J				
81.	Velocity of sound in a	ir at 47°C is 360 m/s. wha	t would be this velocity at	17°C?				
	(A) 336 m/s	(B) 342.7 m/s	(C) 350 m/s	(D) 330 m/s				
82.	A convex lens of foca distance is:	al length f produces a rea	l image of size m-times th	he size of the object. Then the object				
	$(A)\left(\frac{m+1}{m}\right)f$	(B) (m + 1)f	(C) $\frac{(m+1)}{f}$	(D) $\frac{fm}{(m+1)}$				
83.				velocity of light in this medium?				
	(A) $2 \times 10^8 \mathrm{m/s}$	(B) $1.5 \times 10^8 \mathrm{m/s}$	(C) $3.5 \times 10^8 \mathrm{m/s}$	(D) $2.5 \times 10^8 \mathrm{m/s}$				
84.	Two lenses of power combination will be:	r +4 and -6 dioptres are	e placed in contact with	each other. The focal length of the				
	(A) 0.5 meter	(B) - 0.1 meter	(C) – 0.5 meter	(D) 0.1 meter				
85.			V) and (50 W, 250 V) are	e connected in series across a 250 V				
	source. Calculate the c (A) 150 W	(B) 33.33 W	(C) 50 W	(D) 250 W				
86.	A long straight wire c from its axis. (Here μ_0		e magnetic field induction	produced at a radial distance of 5 cm				
	(A) 0.1×10^{-4} Tesla		(C) 0.2×10^{-4} Tesla	(D) 0.5×10^{-4} Tesla				
87.			nected in parallel to a sou produced in R ₁ and R ₂ respo (C) 3/4	urce of voltage V and a current IA is ectively, what is Q ₁ /Q ₂ ? (D) 2				
88.	in the process?	f the solution gradually fac at anode decreases		the following changes does not occur				

89.	Which of the following (A) Lead nitrate	g salts fails to give brown g (B) Lithium nitrate	gas on heating? (C) Magnesium nitrate	(D) Potassium nitrate				
90.	A colourless gas G ₁ , produced on treating conc. H ₂ SO ₄ with common salt, is introduced into one end of a glass- tube. Through the other end, another pungent smelling colourless gas, G ₂ , of molecular mass 17 is introduced. A white sublimate, S is produced inside the tube. Which of the following statements is wrong? (A) Both the gas G ₁ and G ₂ are water-soluble (B) Sublimate S, contains covalent bond and ionic bond (C) Sublimate, S when treated with caustic soda liberates G ₂ gas (D) Aqueous solution of each G ₁ and G ₂ gas is acidic in nature							
91.	. A metal is strongly heated in presence of air to form a black mass. So the metal is (A) Potassium (B) Platinum (C) Copper (D) Zinc							
92.	Which of the following (A) $2Mg + O_2 \rightarrow 2Mg$ (C) $2CuCl_2 \rightarrow Cu_2Cl_2$		(B) $CaCO_3 + 2HCl \rightarrow CaCl_2 + CO_2 + H_2O$ (D) $SO_2 + I_2 + 2H_2O \rightarrow H_2SO_4 + 2HI$					
93.	Bauxite is an ore of alu (A) Conc. NaOH solut (C) Coke and N ₂	uminium. It is concentrated ion	I suitably on treating with (B) Na ₂ CO ₃ (D) Any of the above					
94.	Pick up the incorrect p (A) Ag – Galena	air of metal-ore from the fo (B) Mg – Carnallite	ollowing: (C) Sn – Cassiterite	(D) Hg – Cinnabar				
95.	 An element, X has electronic configuration 2, 8, 4. Which of the following is not appropriate for X? (A) It belongs to group 14 and 3rd period of periodic Table (B) It is a chalcogen (C) Its oxide is a solid (D) It can have maximum covalency of six 							
96.	Which of the following (A) C_3H_4O	g organic molecules does n (B) C ₃ H ₄ O ₂	ot have carbon-carbon dou (C) C ₃ H ₈ O	ble bond (D) C ₆ H ₆ O				
97.	 Soaps are used to clean clothes. Which one is correct statement in this respect? (A) Soap is a sodium salt of an aromatic acid (B) During cleaning micelles are formed (C) Using soap hard-water cannot be distinguished (D) Soap can be used in hard-water for better cleaning of clothes 							
98.	An organic compound A on treating with acidified potassium dichromate solution gives B with molecular mass 60 gm/mol. A on heating with conc. H_2SO_4 at 443 k produces a gas that decolourises bromine water. The compound A is (A) n – propyl alcohol (B) iso –propylalcohol							
	(C) ethyl alcohol		(D) acetaldehyde					
99.	Which of the following (A) BeO	g does not form salt either (B) ZnO	with acid or with alkali? (C) CaO	(D) SnO				
100.	Aquaregia can dissolve (A) it contains an oxid (C) it contains a strong	ant, conc. H_2SO_4	(B) It is 3 : 1 mixture of(D) it contains nascent C	conc. HNO_3 and conc. HCl 1.				
			100					

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ANSWERS

1.	B or D	21.	С	41.	А	61.	А	81.	В
2.	С	22.	D	42.	А	62.	D	82.	А
3.	С	23.	А	43.	А	63.	С	83.	А
4.	В	24.	В	44.	С	64.	В	84.	С
5.	С	25.	С	45.	D	65.	D	85.	В
6.	В	26.	A	46.	В	66.	В	86.	С
7.	D	27.	D	47.	В	67.	А	87.	D
8.	С	28.	С	48.	В	68.	D	88.	D
9.	В	29.	В	49.	В	69.	В	89.	D
10.	А	30.	A	50.	А	70.	А	90.	D
11.	С	31.	С	51.	В	71.	А	91.	С
12.	С	32.	D	52.	А	72.	D	92.	В
13.	А	33.	D	53.	В	73.	В	93.	D
14.	D	34.	A	54.	С	74.	А	94.	Α
15.	А	35.	С	55.	D	75.	С	95.	В
16.	А	36.	А	56.	D	76.	В	96.	С
17.	D	37.	А	57.	В	77.	С	97.	В
18.	А	38.	В	58.	А	78.	В	98.	С
19.	В	39.	В	59.	С	79.	А	99.	С
20.	В	40.	А	60.	D	80.	D	100.	D

ANSWERS, HINTS & SOLUTIONS

- **BIOLOGY**
- 41. A (Oxygen is considered as a extinction point, not a factor).
- 42. A
- 43. A
- 44. C (Sclereid also known as stone cells found in Sclerenchyma)
- 45. D
- 46. B
- 47. B (Pumpkin, Pea plant, Groundnut all are dicot plant except maize)
- 48. B
- 49. B (Followed by pachytene)
- 50. A
- 51. B
- 52. A
- 53. B (Parat hormone)
- 54. C (Florigen is a flowering hormone and phytochrome is a pigment controls photoperiodism also known as flowering)

MATHEMATICS

55. D Given, a + 8b = 14 5a - 2b = 16 \therefore 6a + 6b = 30 \Rightarrow a + b = 5 \therefore mean $\frac{a+b}{2} = 2.5$ 56. D n(E) = 4n(s) = 11 $P(E) = \frac{4}{11}$ 57. В A(c,8), B(a,0), C(-c,c), D(3c,a)Slope of (AB) × slope of CD = -1∴ c = 2 ∴ a + c = 12 58. А A(3, -2), B(4, 5) Let C(0, y). Here AC = BC \Rightarrow y = 2 ∴ C(0, 2) 59. С Given A + B + C = $180 \downarrow \cos B \cos C = \cos A \dots (1)$ $\therefore \cos(B + C) = -\cos A$ $\cos A - \sin B \sin C = -\cos A$ $\sin B \sin C = 2 \cos A \dots (2)$ $(2)/(1) = \tan B \tan C = 2$

60. D
Let
$$5^x = y$$

 $\therefore y = 1 \text{ or } y = -\frac{1}{3}x$
 $\therefore 5^x = 1 \Longrightarrow x = 0.$

61. A

$$\alpha + \beta = 5$$

$$\alpha\beta = -\frac{p^2}{4}$$

We know, $(\alpha - \beta)^2 = (\alpha + \beta)^2 - 4\alpha\beta$

$$\therefore \alpha - \beta = \sqrt{25 + p^2}$$

62. D

From given relation,

$$\angle A = 20^\circ$$
, $\angle B = 40^\circ$, $\angle C = 120^\circ$
 $[AOB] = \frac{1}{2}r^2 \sin 120 (\because \angle AOB = 120)$
 $= \frac{8^2}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 16\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2$

С

$$a = 2, b = 1$$

 $2^{a^3-b^3} = 128$

64. B

$$\alpha\beta + \beta\gamma + \gamma\alpha = \frac{c}{a} = -1$$
$$\therefore 5(\alpha\beta + \beta\gamma + \gamma\alpha) = -5$$

65. D

$$[POQ] = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}r^{2}$$
$$[ACB] = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}r^{2}$$
$$\therefore \frac{[POQ]}{[ACB]} = \frac{1}{2}$$
66. B
$$D \ge 0$$
$$\therefore 16 + 4 \log_{3} a \ge 0$$
$$\log_{3} a \ge -4$$
$$a \ge 3^{-4}$$

67. A

Given length of each edge =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

 $\therefore v = \frac{1}{8} cm^3$
68. D
 $cosec \theta + cot \theta = m$
 $cosec \theta - cot \theta = \frac{1}{m}$
 $\therefore sin \theta = \frac{2m}{m^2 + 1}$
 $sec \theta = \frac{n^2 + 1}{m^2 - 1}$
69. B
 $A \longrightarrow D \longrightarrow C$
Given $\Delta CFE \sim \Delta CDB$
 $\therefore \frac{EC}{BC} = \frac{4}{4 + n} \dots (1)$
Given, $\Delta CDF \sim \Delta CAB$
 $\frac{EC}{BC} = \frac{4 + n}{9} \dots (2)$
From (1) and (2), 4 + n = 6
70. A
None (Close Option A)
71. A
 $a + (m - 1)d = \frac{1}{m}$
 $\therefore a = d = \frac{1}{mn}$
72. D

B

а

Here
$$[ABC] = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}a^2$$

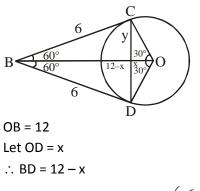
 $\frac{1}{2}r(a+a+a) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}a^2$
 $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{2}(3a) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}a^2$
 $a = 24$

 \therefore perimeter = 3a = 3 × 24 = 72.

73. B

Answer is 36π .

74. A



∴
$$y^2 = (12 - x)^2 - 6^2 = -x^2 + (\frac{6}{\sqrt{3}})^2$$

∴ $y = 3\sqrt{3}$ CD = $6\sqrt{3}$

CHEMISTRY

99. C (Nearest answer)

Reason: BeO, ZnO, SnO are amphoteric in nature. CaO is basic in nature which forms salt with acid but not with base.